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**The Title are Written with *Book Antique Bold* (16 pt) and Preferably Not More Than 14 Words, *Align Left***

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| *Citation:**Received:* *Revised:* *Accepted:* *Published:* *\*Corresponding Author: muhammad.hatta@unimal.ac.id* | **Abstrak:** Abstrak ditulis dalam 2 bahasa, yaitu bahasa Indonesia dan bahasa Inggris. Menulis judul abstrak menggunakan huruf tebal untuk substansi abstrak yang ditulis dalam Book Antiqua, 11 pt, miring, 1 spasi, maksimal 250 kata. Abstrak harus jelas, ringkas, dan deskriptif. Abstrak ini harus memberikan pengantar singkat tentang masalah yang diteliti, tujuan makalah, diikuti dengan pernyataan mengenai metodologi dan ringkasan singkat hasilnya.m**Pendahuluan:** Memberikan pengantar singkat tentang masalah yang sedang diteliti. Misalnya: Artikel ini menganalisis undang-undang persaingan terkait penyalahgunaan posisi pasar. **Tujuan Penelitian:** Menjelaskan secara singkat tujuan dari studi ini, Misalnya: Tujuan artikel ini adalah untuk meneliti harga predator sebagai fenomena baik di dalam maupun di luar Uni Eropa. **Metode Penelitian:** Sebutkan secara singkat metode penelitian berdasarkan fokus studi, yaitu penelitian empiris, atau penelitian normatif, dengan pendekatan penelitian yang digunakan. **Hasil / Temuan Utama / Kebaruan / Keaslian Penelitian:** Apa yang baru dalam Penelitian ini yang dapat bermanfaat bagi pembaca dan bagaimana hal ini memajukan pengetahuan yang ada atau menciptakan pengetahuan baru dalam subjek ini. Ini adalah inti dari laporan penelitian karena temuan adalah apa yang sebenarnya dicari oleh pembaca.**Kata Kunci:** Pangan; Perjanjian WTO; Keamanan Nasional***Abstract:*** *Abstracts are written in 2 languages, namely Indonesian and English. Writing abstract title using bolds for abstract substance written Book Antiqua, 11 pt, italic, 1 space, max 250 words. The abstract should be clear, concise, and descriptive. This abstract should provide a brief introduction to the problem, objective of paper, followed by a statement regarding the methodology and a brief summary of results.* ***Introduction:*** *Provides a brief introduction to the problem under study. For example: This article analyzes competition laws related to the abuse of market position.* ***Purposes of the Research:***  *Briefly describe the purpose of this study, For example: The purpose of this article is to survey predatory pricing as a phenomenon both inside and outside the European Union.* ***Methods of the Research:*** *Briefly state the research method based on a focus of study, namely empirical research, or normative research, with the research approach used.* ***Results / Main Findings / Novelty/Originality of the Research:*** *What is new in this Research that may benefit readers and how it is advancing the existing knowledge or creating new knowledge in this subject. It is at the heart of a research report because a finding is what the reader is actually looking for.* ***Keywords:*** *Food; WTO Agreements; National Security* |
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1. **INTRODUCTION**

The introduction should be clear and provide the issue to be discussed in the manuscript. Before the objective, authors should provide an adequate background, and very short literature survey in order to record the existing solutions, to show which is the best of previous researches, to show the main limitation of the previous researches, to show what do you hope to achieve (to solve the limitation), and to show the scientific merit or novelties of the paper.[[1]](#footnote-1)

At the end of the paragraph, the author/s should end with a comment on the significance concerning identification of the issue and objective of the research.[[2]](#footnote-2) This article analyses the comparative competition law related to abuse of a dominant market position using strategy of predatory pricing by undertakings in the European Union (hereinafter ‘EU’). For this purpose, a precise case study of the Valio case has been made.[[3]](#footnote-3) Antti Aine, Adjunct Professor of general competition law at the University of Turku as expert in field of European Competition Law, has been interviewed for this article.[[4]](#footnote-4) Also, EU law on predatory pricing has been compared to the United States’ predatory pricing law.

Therefore, this article explores the following research questions; whether EU Competition law policy is already excessively restrictive, and if so, what is the effect on the business development of undertakings with only one nationally dominant market position and, whether the products, which are legally classified as belonging to different product markets, belong de facto to the same product market in case of being fully interchangeable with each other?

1. **METHOD**

The method is optional for original research articles. This method is written in descriptive and should provide a statement regarding the methodology of the research. This method as much as possible to give an idea to the reader through the methods used. This Method are optional, only for original research articles.

1. **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

The writing of the Results and Discussion section contains the results or research findings (scientific finding) which is followed by a scientific discussion. The description of the discussion in the Results and Discussion chapter is descriptive, analytical and critical. The description of the discussion must be adjusted to the sequence of legal issues that are the main elements in the study. Theories included in the theoretical framework should be cited in this chapter. The state of art listed in the Introduction Section is also reviewed and elaborated in the Results and Discussion Section. The analysis in the Results and Discussion section can be supported by a table that is presented horizontally. Table presentation is equipped with “Table Title” and “Table Source.” Each Table is followed by the author's review and comments as part of the analysis of the Tables presented. In addition to the table, the provisions of the Act or other regulations presented are accompanied by studies and opinions of the authors in strengthening and sharpening the analysis of articles submitted for publication.

Tables and Figures are presented center and cited in the manuscript. The figures should be clearly readable and at least have a resolution of 300 DPI (Dots Per Inch) for good printing quality. Table made with the open model (without the vertical lines) as shown below:

**Table 1.** Global Piracy: Actual and Attempted Piracy Attack in Different Regions, 2007-2016

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Locations** | **2007** | **2008** | **2009** | **2010** | **2011** | **2012** | **2013** | **2014** | **2015** | **2016** |
| Southeast Asia | 158 | 83 | 70 | 54 | 47 | 70 | 80 | 104 | 128 | 141 |
| Far East | 15 | 5 | 10 | 11 | 22 | 44 | 23 | 7 | 13 | 8 |
| Indian Sub-continent | 32 | 53 | 30 | 23 | 30 | 29 | 16 | 19 | 26 | 34 |
| South America | 45 | 29 | 21 | 14 | 37 | 40 | 25 | 17 | 18 | 5 |
| Africa | 71 | 61 | 120 | 189 | 266 | 259 | 293 | 150 | 79 | 55 |
| Rest of World | 8 | 8 | 12 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Total | 329 | 239 | 263 | 293 | 410 | 445 | 439 | 297 | 264 | 245 |

*Source: Primary data, 2017 (Edited).*

All figure legends must be created using Arial font (8-10 pt) at a high resolution. If the figures are produced using Microsoft Office applications (Word, PowerPoint, Excel), the files should be submitted in their original, unaltered format. If the figures are created using a program other than Microsoft Office, the figures should be converted into images in TIFF or JPEG format with a minimum resolution of 300 dpi. Please note that the Editor of the IJLSH may request that authors revise their figures as needed (Figure 1).

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**Figure 1.** Lorem ipsum Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet.

* 1. **Main Heading of the First Analysis or Discussion**

This section is the most important section of your article. The analysis or results of the research should be clear and concise. The results should summarize (scientific) findings rather than providing data in great detail. Please highlight differences between your results or findings and the previous publications by other researchers.

* + 1. **Sub-heading of the discussion**
		2. **etc…**
	1. **Main Heading of the Second Analysis or Discussion etc..**

This section is the most important section of your article. The analysis or results of the research should be clear and concise. The results should summarize (scientific) findings rather than providing data in great detail. Please highlight differences between your results or findings and the previous publications by other researchers.

* + 1. **Sub-heading of the discussion**
		2. **Etc…**
1. **CONCLUSION**

Conclusion contains a description that should answer the objectives of research. Provide a clear and concise conclusion. Do not repeat the Abstract or simply describe the results of the research. Give a clear explanation regarding the possible application and/or suggestions related to the research findings.

**ACKNOWLEDGMENTS (OPTIONAL)**

Recognize those who helped in the research, especially funding supporter of your research. Include individuals who have assisted you in your study: Advisors, Financial supporters, or may other supporter i.e. Proof-readers, Typists, and Suppliers who may have given materials.

**REFERENCES**

References in research articles and conceptual ideas contain all the references used in the study. References used in writing are sourced from publications and publications in the last 10 (ten) years. The composition of the reference list / bibliography is highly recommended to maximize the use of primary sources (60%) in the form of national journals, international journals, theses, dissertations, conference proceedings both nationally and internationally. Other sources (40%) can be books or other reference sources. Each article submitted uses a minimum of 16 (sixteen) references by maximizing primary sources, and only references used as citations are written in the reference list, and are written in alphabetical order by the author.

The CENDEKIA: Jurnal Hukum, Sosial & Humaniora uses [**the Chicago Manual of Style**](http://www.chicagomanualofstyle.org/tools_citationguide/citation-guide-1.html) **17th edition (full note)** in the References at the end of the manuscript. Cite only items that you have read and written on footnotes. Please use Reference Manager Applications like EndNote, Mendeley, Zotero, etc. Use other published articles in the same journal as models. All publications cited in the text should be included in the References section and arranged alphabetically. For example:

Journal Article:

*Footnotes:*

1 Muchtar Anshary Hamid Labetubun, “A Legal Awareness of Copyright on Regional Song Creators,” *International Journal of Law Reconstruction* 5, no. 1 (2021): 49–61, https://doi.org/10.26532/ijlr.v5i1.15406.

2 La Ode Angga et al., “Effectiveness of Law Number 41 the Year 1999 in the Case of Illegal Logging in Maluku Province,” *Cepalo* 3, no. 2 (2019): 141–52, https://doi.org/10.25041/cepalo.v3no2.1848.

*References (in alphabetical order):*

Angga, La Ode, Barzah Latupono, Muchtar Anshary Hamid Labetubun, and Sabri Fataruba. “Effectiveness of Law Number 41 the Year 1999 in the Case of Illegal Logging in Maluku Province.” *Cepalo* 3, no. 2 (2019): 141–52. https://doi.org/10.25041/cepalo.v3no2.1848.

Labetubun, Muchtar Anshary Hamid. “A Legal Awareness of Copyright on Regional Song Creators.” *International Journal of Law Reconstruction* 5, no. 1 (2021): 49–61. https://doi.org/10.26532/ijlr.v5i1.15406.

Book:

*Footnotes:*

1 Teng Berlianty, *Hukum Organisasi Perusahaan* (Sidoarjo: Zifatama Jawara, 2019), p. 1.

2 Irwansyah, *Penelitian Hukum; Pilihan Metode dan Praktik Penulisan Arikel.* (Yogyakarta: Mirra Buana Media, 2020), p. 164-65.

*References (in alphabetical order):*

Irwansyah, *Penelitian Hukum; Pilihan Metode dan Praktik Penulisan Arikel.* Yogyakarta: Mirra Buana Media, 2020.

Berlianty, Teng. *Hukum Organisasi Perusahaan*. Sidoarjo: Zifatama Jawara, 2019.

1. Our references uses the **CHICAGO MANUAL OF STYLE 17th edition (full note)**. The citation quick guide can be found at: <http://www.chicagomanualofstyle.org/tools_citationguide/citation-guide-1.html> Example for Books references: Teng Berlianty, *Hukum Organisasi Perusahaan* (Sidoarjo: Zifatama Jawara, 2019). [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Example for Journal Articles references: Muchtar Anshary Hamid Labetubun, “A Legal Awareness of Copyright on Regional Song Creators,” *International Journal of Law Reconstruction* 5, no. 1 (2021): 49–61, https://doi.org/10.26532/ijlr.v5i1.15406 [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. Finnish Administrative Supreme Court 12/2014, “*Appeal* *statistics”*, accessed January 13, 2016, [*http://www.kho.fi/material/attachments/kho/aineistoa/tilastoja/d1DGRBo1H/KHO.fi.pdf*](http://www.kho.fi/material/attachments/kho/aineistoa/tilastoja/d1DGRBo1H/KHO.fi.pdf). [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
4. Vinod Dhall, ed. *Competition law today: Concepts, issues, and the law in practice*. (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2007). [↑](#footnote-ref-4)